# TOUCH TYPE - TWS-153/300T POWDER, LIQUID DENSITY TESTER



#### Suitable for:

Powder: Vulcanized rubber, Non-foam plastic, Ceramic, Pigment density, Natural stone, Pigment density, Natural stone, Solid and half-solid asphalt density, Abrasive materials true density, Cement powder, Refractory materials, True density of rock or coal, Powder true density research lab.

Liquid: Acid Solution, Alkaline Solution, Saline Solution, Anti-oxidant Solution.

## Principle:

Powder: According to the standards of ASTM C97, D5004, C329, GB/T 9966, 208, 217, DIN51057, and by adopting the immersion displacement method of the Archimedean principle, and cooperated with pycnometer, it can show the measuring result directly.

**Liquid**: According to the standard test method of **GB/T13531**, **T5526**, **T5009**, **ASTM**, **JIS** and ISO standards, by adopting the buoyancy method of the Archimedean principle, the density and concentration can be showed rapidly.

#### Mode:

## Two sets of testing function:

1. Powder mode - Show powder true density directly.

2. Liquid mode – Show liquid density and concentration directly.

#### Style:



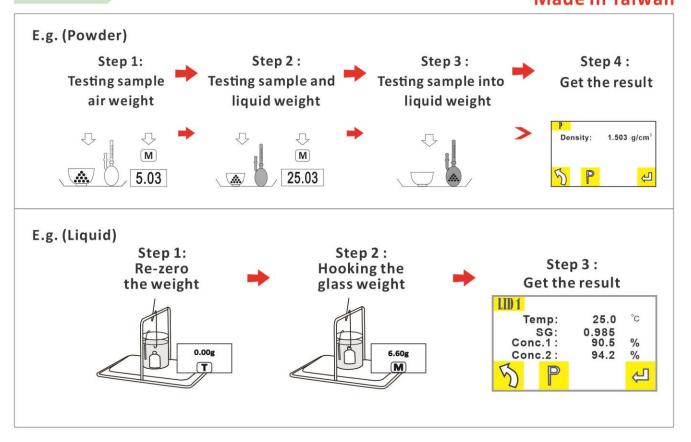


## Specification:

Model	TWS-153T	TWS-300T
Max weight	150g	300g
Weighing Precision	0.0001g	0.001g
Density Precision	0.0001g/cm <sup>3</sup>	0.001g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Powder Mode	Can directly read powder and granular true density.	
Liquid Mode	Can read the specific gravity and concentration of liquid medium liqu	



## Testing step:



## **Standard Accessories**

For powder:



Pycnometer

### **Optional Accessories**

For liquid:



A: Glass Weight (general acid, alkaline liquid) (High viscosity liquid)



B. Stainless Steel Weight



C. Teflon Weight (Acid & alkali resistant liquid)

#### Features:

- 1. Choose a liquid that doesn't dissolve and easily wets the surface of the sample particles.
- 2. For ceramic materials such as feldspar, quartz, and ceramic products distilled water can generally, be used as an intermediary solution.
- 3. For cement, organic liquid media such as kerosene or xylene can be used.
- 4. Organic solvents are generally used for inorganic powder.
- 5. Use agate bowl to grind sample into powder and pass a 240-mesh standard sieve, and put the powder sample into a weighing bottle. Put it into 105° infrared moisture meter to dry, take it out, cool it slightly, and put it in a desiccator to cool to room temperature.